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Chapter 9 Section 2 The Antislavery
Movement Abolitionist Movement • The
movement to end slavery Emancipation
• Freeing of enslaved people
Underground Railroad • A network of
escape routes that provided protection
and transportation for slaved fleeing
north to freedom. – The term railroad
referred to paths that African Americans
traveled, either on foot or in wagons –
Underground means it was secret Gag
Rule • This law prohibited antislavery
petitions from being read or acted ...

Chapter 9 Section 2 | slideum.com

The Anti-Slavery Movement In 1835 William Lloyd Garrison's New England Anti-Slavery Society became the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society as

an adjunct to the American Anti-Slavery Society. By then, developing networks of local anti-slavery societies—the idea of bottom-up reform—had gained favor.

The Anti-Slavery Movement | Cape Ann Slavery

The Colonization Movement The American Colonization Society, established in 1817, was an early antislavery organization. This society proposed that slaves be freed gradually and transported to Liberia, a colony founded in 1822 on the west coast of Africa. The colonization movement did not work. Most

The Fight Against Slavery - Washougal

Abolitionism, also called abolition movement, (c. 1783–1888), in western Europe and the Americas, the movement chiefly responsible for creating the emotional climate necessary for ending the transatlantic slave trade and chattel slavery. With the decline of Roman

slavery in the 5th century, the institution waned in western Europe and by the 11th century had virtually disappeared.

abolitionism | History, Leaders, & Facts | Britannica

As the free black population grew, their concern for the status of the African American became the center of the antislavery movement. The debate in Congress in 1819 and 1820 over whether Missouri should enter the Union as a slave or free state made it clear to the entire nation that the slavery issue was not going to simply evaporate in the American republic.

Early Antislavery - National Park Service

: 78 The fragmented anti-slavery movement included groups such as the Liberty Party; the American and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society; the American Missionary Association; and the Church Anti-Slavery Society. Historians traditionally distinguish between

moderate antislavery reformers or gradualists, who concentrated on stopping the spread of slavery, and radical abolitionists or immediatists, whose demands for unconditional emancipation often merged with a concern for Black civil rights.

Abolitionism in the United States - Wikipedia

The Anti-Slavery Constitution. By Timothy Sandefur. From the Framers on, Americans have understood our fundamental law to oppose ownership of persons. World. Russia's Middle East Power Play ...

The Anti-Slavery Constitution | National Review

2. The (American Anti-slavery Society, American Colonization Society) was formed by a group of white Southerners. Write two words that are related to the term compromise, which you studied earlier. 208 Chapter 14, Section 2 Early Efforts to End Slavery

(pages 418-419) The Foundation of Abolitionism American Colonization Society compromise (Chapter 7,Section 2)

Chapter 14, Section 2 The Abolitionists - Mr. Shuman History

An Antislavery Movement Arises. The Roots of Abolitionism. The abolitionist movement, the movement to put an end to slavery, began in earnest during the late 1700s. Antislavery societies and newspapers were created, and between 1777 and 1804, every state north of Maryland abolished slavery. Moderate Reforms. At first, activists . advocated . moderate reforms. C

Economics - Hazleton Area High School

Section 2 The Fight Against Slavery. Roots of the Anti-Slavery Movement. A Colony in Africa. A Call to End Slavery. The Underground Railroad. Reaction in the North. Reaction in the South. Roots of the Antislavery Movement. Roots of

the Antislavery Movement. 2. How could there be slavery when the Declaration of Independence says "all men are ...

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THE ANTISLAVERY MOVEMENT CHAPTER 2 SECTION 3 Focus Question: What methods did Americans use to oppose slavery? B. Use the chart below to contrast the different opinions held by abolitionists and people who opposed abolition. Against For Debate Over Slavery • Abolitionists believed that slavery was immoral. • • • Slaveholders argued that slavery

CHAPTER 2 Note Taking Study Guide - Jenks Public Schools

88 CHAPTER 8SECTION 2 powerfully in favor of achieving emancipation through nonviolence. He founded an antislavery newspaper called The North Star. 1. How did Walker's and Douglass's views differ? Life Under Slavery (pages 250–252) What was life like under

slavery? As the debate over slavery grew, the number of slaves in the United States also increased.

CHAPTER 8 Slavery and Abolition - Ms. Solomon

Some reformers, including white Bostonian William Lloyd Garrison, denounced moderation and called for an immediate end to slavery. Garrison founded the American Anti-Slavery Society in 1833 to work toward this goal. The Antislavery Movement. Chapter 9, Section 2

Economics - Tuscaloosa County School District

Section 2 The Abolitionists . A. A B. B C. C D. D ... new life to the antislavery movement • The Quakers led many of the antislavery groups American Anti-Slavery Society •By 1838, the antislavery societies Garrison started had more than 1,000 chapters . Grimké Sisters

Chapter 14 The Age of Reform (1820-1860)

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Chapter 25 Section 1 The Cold War Begins Chapter 13 Section 1 Technology and Industrial Growth Chapter 25 Section 1 The Cold War BeginsThe Antislavery Movement Section 3 • 5. The abolition movement was small but vocal. It faced resistance in the North and the South. • A Gag Rule passed by Congress prohibited debates on the subject.

US History Ch. 2 Section 3 Notes - SlideShare

Abolitionism, or the abolitionist movement, was the movement to end slavery. This term can be used both formally and informally. In Western Europe and the Americas, abolitionism was a historic movement that sought to end the Atlantic slave trade and set slaves free.. Louis X of France set a precedent by abolishing serfdom within the Kingdom of France in 1315.

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